

Richard Nixon Presidential Library  
 Contested Materials Collection  
 Folder List

<u>Box Number</u>	<u>Folder Number</u>	<u>Document Date</u>	<u>No Date</u>	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Document Type</u>	<u>Document Description</u>
44	17	5/10/1972	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Newspaper	Article from the St. Louis Globe-Democrat (poll conducted by the Chicago Sun-Times with the assistance of the Globe-Democrat) titled "Percy a 2-to-1 Favorite for Senate, Poll Shows." 1pg
44	17	11/15/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	To: John Mitchell From: Donald Rumsfeld RE: "Attached is a poll on Illinois." Poll table of Illinois from the Illinois State Journal (11/05/1971) attached. 2pgs
44	17	11/15/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	To: John Mitchell and Bob Haldeman From: Donald Rumsfeld RE: "Attached is one of the lastest Sun Times surveys for Illinois." Article from Sun-Times by Joseph Reilly titled "Muskie Favored Slightly Over Nixon in State Now" (11/07/1971) attached. 2pgs
44	17	11/3/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	To: H.R. Haldeman From: John C. Whitaker RE: "FYI: If President is in a grim mood about Farm Belt." Article from Prairie Farmer titled "Illinois Farm Support for Nixon is Strong in September" (10/16/1971) attached. 3pgs
44	17	10/6/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	To: John Mitchell and Bob Haldeman From: Don Rumsfeld RE: Article from the Chicago Today by Jack Mabley. Article by Jack Mabley titled "Prediction: Democratic '72 Sweet" attached. 2pgs

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44	17	9/27/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	To: Bob Haldeman From: Don Rumsfeld RE: Confidential RE: Memo to John Mitchell and Bob Haldeman (09/27/1971) about results of a recent questionnaire. "Operation Feedback" results and memo attached. 3pgs
44	17	6/7/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	To: Unknown From: Rumsfeld RE: "Illinois Poll." 2pgs
44	17	3/27/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	To: Bob Haldeman and Bob Finch From: Donald Rumsfeld RE: Summary of election results in Illinois in recent years. Summary attached. 2pgs



MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

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all  
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see  
6 11/16*

November 15, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

John Mitchell

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

Attached is a poll on Illinois.

cc: Bob Haldeman ✓

Attachment

# Poll Table

This table shows how the candidates stand among Downstate voters who participated in the survey. The first section shows the cumulative Downstate tally, followed by breakdowns of Democratic, Republican and Independent voters.

CUMULATIVE				
	Nixon	No Choice	Spread	
<b>Democrats</b>				
Muskie	42.5%	47.3%	10.2%	4.8%
Kennedy	36.3%	52.7%	11.0%	16.4%
Lindsay	33.5%	51.8%	14.7%	18.3%
Humphrey	30.8%	56.3%	12.9%	25.5%
McCarthy	30.1%	53.6%	16.3%	23.5%
McGovern	29.1%	54.5%	16.4%	25.4%
<del>Harris</del>	20.5%	57.9%	21.6%	37.4%
Jackson	20.4%	58.3%	21.3%	37.9%

DEMOCRAT VOTERS			
	Nixon	No Choice	Spread
<b>Democrats</b>			
Muskie	74.3%	11.2%	14.5%
Kennedy	69.9%	15.0%	15.1%
Humphrey	61.2%	19.9%	18.9%
Lindsay	60.2%	17.5%	22.3%
McCarthy	55.4%	21.8%	22.8%
McGovern	52.9%	21.8%	25.3%
Jackson	45.1%	25.7%	29.2%
Harris	44.7%	25.2%	30.1%

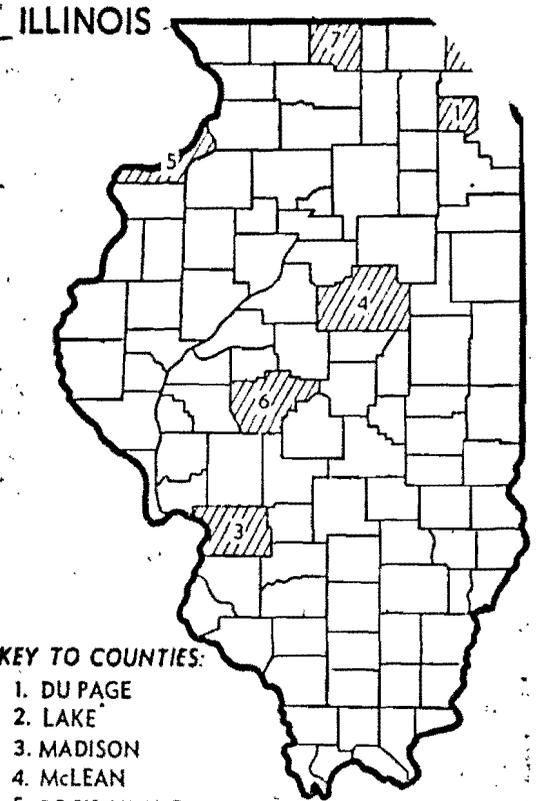
REPUBLICAN VOTERS			
	Nixon	No Choice	Spread
<b>Democrats</b>			
Muskie	17.4%	81.5%	1.1%
Lindsay	12.2%	83.6%	4.2%

Kennedy	9.8%	87.5%	2.7%
McGovern	8.7%	83.2%	3.1%
McCarthy	8.4%	86.8%	4.8%
Humphrey	5.6%	90.2%	4.2%
Jackson	4.5%	89.2%	6.3%
Harris	3.8%	90.2%	6.0%

INDEPENDENT VOTERS			
	Nixon	No Choice	Spread
<b>Democrats</b>			
Muskie	49.3%	42.6%	8.1%
Kennedy	41.2%	50.7%	8.1%
Lindsay	37.9%	59.2%	11.9%
McCarthy	37.4%	49.3%	13.3%
McGovern	37.4%	49.8%	12.8%
Humphrey	36.5%	51.5%	9.0%
Harris	21.3%	57.8%	20.9%
Jackson	20.4%	57.4%	22.2%

This table shows how candidates rank when survey results from Downstate counties are combined with the previously reported tally for Cook County suburbs:

	Nixon	No Choice	Spread
<b>Democrats</b>			
Muskie	42.7%	47.2%	10.1%
Kennedy	35.0%	53.6%	11.4%
Lindsay	32.2%	52.7%	15.1%
Humphrey	30.3%	56.0%	13.7%
McCarthy	29.5%	54.1%	16.4%
McGovern	29.3%	53.7%	17.0%
Jackson	21.2%	57.4%	21.4%
Harris	20.4%	57.8%	21.8%



- KEY TO COUNTIES:**
1. DU PAGE
  2. LAKE
  3. MADISON
  4. McLEAN
  5. ROCK ISLAND
  6. SANGAMON
  7. WINNEBAGO

A map of Illinois illustrates which downstate voters participated in the Chicago Sun-Times political poll. The poll, conducted with the cooperation of the Illinois State Journal, tested the political mood just one year before the national elections.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

*File  
Ill  
Polls  
It needs  
see  
6/16*

November 15, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

John Mitchell  
Bob Haldeman ✓

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

Attached is one of the latest Sun Times surveys for Illinois. It is not good.

*Sun-Times survey*

# Muskie favored slightly over Nixon in state now

By Joseph Reilly

Sen. Edward S. Muskie (D-Me.) would be slightly favored by Illinois voters over President Nixon if next year's presidential election were held now.

A Sun-Times survey of 1,525 Illinois voters shows Muskie currently is the choice of 46.6 per cent and Mr. Nixon is preferred by 44.1 per cent, a difference of 2.5 points. The remaining 9.1 per cent said they have no choice between the two men.

Survey results also show that Mr. Nixon has more appeal among the state's voters than seven other leading Democrats listed on the survey ballot. Sen. Edward M. Kennedy (D-Mass.) is the second most popular Democrat among survey participants but trails Muskie by 5.7 points.

**Popularities compared**

A respectable showing by Muskie in usually Republican Cook County suburbs and Down state counties, coupled with a clear lead over

Joseph Reilly, 32, has directed The Sun-Times Straw Poll and other political surveys for the newspaper since the pivotal election of 1967. The polls and surveys have accurately portrayed voter sentiment when judged against election returns.



A pivotal year ahead for Nixon

Plus latest Gallup Poll matching Nixon vs. Muskie. In Viewpoint section.

Mr. Nixon in heavily Democratic Chicago, was sufficient to give the Maine senator the top survey standing in Illinois. The other statewide popularity standings

among the men most often mentioned as possible presidential candidates in the election next Nov. 7 are:

Kennedy, 40.9 per cent to Mr. Nixon's 43.1 per cent; Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey (Minn.), 36.9 per cent to 49.5 per cent for Mr. Nixon; New York Mayor John V. Lindsay, 36.2 per cent to 47.8 per cent for Mr. Nixon; Sen. George McGovern (S.D.), 35.1 per cent to 48.3 per cent for Mr. Nixon; former Sen. Eugene J. McCarthy (Minn.), 33.6 per cent to 49.8 per cent for Mr. Nixon; Sen. Henry M. Jackson (Wash.), 24.1 per cent to 53.8 per cent for Mr. Nixon, and Sen. Fred R. Harris (Okla.), 23.6 per cent to 54.0 per cent for Mr. Nixon.

Among Chicago voters, it was only Muskie's showing with independents that allowed him to claim a popularity lead of nine-tenths of a point over Kennedy.

*How candidates rate in statewide tally*

TALLY FOR SUNDAY IX X-X-X-X-X  
This table shows how candidates rank among all 1,525 Illinois voters who participated in the survey. The cumulative tally in the first section is followed by breakdowns of Democratic, Republican and independent voters.

	STATEWIDE			
	Democrats	Nixon	No choice	Spread
Muskie	46.6%	44.1%	9.3%	2.5%
Kennedy	40.9	43.1	11.0	7.2
Humphrey	36.9	49.5	13.6	12.6
Lindsay	36.2	47.8	16.0	11.6
McGovern	35.1	48.3	16.6	13.2
McCarthy	33.6	49.8	16.6	16.2
Jackson	24.1	53.8	22.1	29.7
Harris	23.6	54.0	22.4	30.4

	DEMOCRATIC VOTERS		
	Democrats	Nixon	No choice
Muskie	76.6%	13.1%	10.3%
Kennedy	73.9	15.0	11.1
Humphrey	67.6	16.6	15.8
Lindsay	62.8	16.9	20.3
McGovern	62.2	18.1	19.7
McCarthy	59.5	21.2	19.3
Jackson	47.8	25.3	26.9
Harris	47.4	25.3	27.3

	REPUBLICAN VOTERS		
	Democrats	Nixon	No choice
Muskie	13.7%	83.7%	2.6%
Lindsay	9.5	84.2	6.3
Kennedy	9.3	87.3	3.4
McGovern	8.3	86.1	5.6
McCarthy	6.9	86.9	6.3
Humphrey	6.1	87.9	6.0
Jackson	3.8	88.3	7.9
Harris	3.0	89.1	7.9

	INDEPENDENT VOTERS		
	Democrats	Nixon	No choice
Muskie	50.8%	38.8%	10.4%
Kennedy	39.8	45.9	14.3
Humphrey	37.9	47.5	14.6
McGovern	37.1	41.0	18.6
Lindsay	36.9	45.9	17.2
McCarthy	35.3	45.9	18.8
Jackson	21.4	52.0	26.6
Harris	20.5	53.2	26.3

## Drug arrest sparks 4 1/2-hour melee at Ohio State campus

COLLEGE, Ohio (UPI) — More than 1,000 youths hurled rocks and bricks at police early Saturday in a melee touched off by a drug arrest near the Ohio State University campus. Police used tear gas to disperse the crowd.

Approximately 200 persons were arrested

"A crowd began to form and the officers took the suspect from the area," he said. "At that same time we ordered all marked cars from the location.

"The crowd continued to grow. And then

~~THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON~~

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see  
9/11/73~~

Date: 11/3

TO: H. R. Haldeman

FROM: JOHN C. WHITAKER

FYI - If President is in a  
grim mood about Farm Belt.

# Illinois farm support for Nixon is strong in September

Farmers approve of wage-price freeze overwhelmingly,  
exactly half like job Agnew is doing

■ PRESIDENT Richard Nixon has a comfortable majority of Illinois farmers who approve of the job he is doing. About half of the Illinois farmers polled approve of the job being done by Vice-President Spiro Agnew.

The poll was taken in personal interviews of Illinois farmers a month after the wage-price freeze. This probably had a positive effect on their opinions because when questioned about the president's wage-price freeze, nearly three-fourths of the farmers polled expressed approval.

Here is how Illinois farmers answered the question "On the whole, do you approve or disapprove of the job Richard M. Nixon is doing as president of the United States?" We have added the neighboring state of Indiana for comparison. (Figures are percentages of farmers polled.)

	Men	Women	Total Ill.	Total Ind.
Strongly approve	17	15	16	21
Mildly approve	49	44	46	39
Neutral or undecided	14	22	18	20

	Under 40	40-60	Over 60
Strongly approve	13	15	10
Mildly approve	35	38	36
Neutral or undecided	33	25	29
Mildly disapprove	9	13	12
Strongly disapprove	10	9	13

It may seem surprising to some people but farmers with a grade school education gave less support to Vice-President Agnew than the college-trained farmers.

Another interesting aspect of the vote on Agnew by education is that altho college-trained farmers are less apt to be undecided about any issue, in this case they are the most perplexed of the 3 educational groups, grade school, high school, and college. Nearly 38% of the college-trained Illinois farmers don't quite know what to think of Agnew.

There may be some relationship between the farmer approval of President Nixon and the wage-price freeze. Here is how Illinois farmers answered the question "As you know, the presi-

	Repub.	Demo.	Indep.
Strongly approve	55	44	37
Mildly approve	28	24	35
Undecided, no opinion	11	12	12
Mildly disapprove	4	9	4
Strongly disapprove	2	11	12

When our interviewers asked Illinois farmers who they would like to see as the Democratic opponent of President Nixon in the 1972 election, here is the answer we received when we said, "Pick the one you think would be best for the country if he were to win the 1972 presidential election." (Figures are percentages of those polled.)

	Men	Women	Total
Edmund Muskie (Maine)	21	15	18
Ted Kennedy (Mass.)	11	12	11
Hubert Humphrey (Minn.)	9	10	9
George McGovern (S. D.)	6	5	5
Eugene McCarthy (Minn.)	6	4	5
John Lindsay (N. Y.)	4	5	5
Birch Bayh (Ind.)	2	5	4
Henry M. Jackson (Wash.)	4	1	3

Mildly disapprove	12	13	13	12
Strongly disapprove	8	6	7	8

The Illinois poll shows that farmers with more formal education supported Nixon more than those with less education. The following is the breakdown according to education:

	Grade school	High school	College
Strongly approve	17	16	14
Mildly approve	40	46	52
Neutral or undecided	20	17	21
Mildly disapprove	12	14	10
Strongly disapprove	11	7	3

Both high and low-income farmers were in close agreement. Of the farmers polled who grossed over \$20,000 a year, 68% favored Nixon while 60% of those with incomes under \$20,000 favored Nixon.

Here is how Illinois farmers answered the question "On the whole, do you approve or disapprove of the job Spiro Agnew is doing as vice-president of the United States?" We have added the response of Indiana farmers for comparison:

	Men	Women	Total Ill.	Total Ind.
Strongly approve	16	10	13	17
Mildly approve	38	35	37	30
Neutral or undecided	25	32	28	32
Mildly disapprove	10	13	12	9
Strongly disapprove	11	10	10	12

Agnew gets less support from farmers over 60 than he does among younger farmers. Here is how they voted according to age:

Prairie Farmer—October 16, 1971

gent has frozen prices, wages, and rents for 90 days. Do you approve or disapprove of this move?" We are including Indiana figures for comparison.

	Men	Women	Total Ill.	Total Ind.
Strongly disapprove	52	41	47	44
Mildly approve	25	31	28	29
Undecided, no opinion	10	14	12	13
Mildly disapprove	5	6	5	7
Strongly disapprove	8	8	8	7

In spite of the unpleasant experience with OPA price ceilings during World War II, older farmers are just as strong for the wage-price freeze as are younger farmers.

Many economists are opposed to the whole idea of a wage-price freeze because of its unworkability, its distortion, and the difficulty in removing it. In spite of this attitude, Illinois farmers with more formal education were overwhelmingly in favor of the Nixon move. Here is how the farmers polled voted on the wage-price freeze according to formal education.

	Grade school	High school	College
Strongly approve	39	48	51
Mildly approve	23	29	30
Neutral or undecided	17	11	11
Mildly disapprove	6	6	2
Strongly disapprove	15	6	6

As might be expected, Republican farmers are stronger for the wage-price freeze than Democrat farmers, but Republicans, Democrats, and Independents all favor the wage-price freeze. Here is how they voted by political affiliation:

Fred R. Harris (Okla.)	0	3	1
Not sure, don't like any	37	40	39

A substantial number of farmers indicated that they were not sure who the candidate ought to be or they didn't like any of them.

When the opinions of farmers were broken down according to their political affiliation, Ted Kennedy emerged as a strong contender with Edmund Muskie. Here is how farmers selected candidates according to political affiliation:

	Repub.	Demo.	Indep.
Edmund Muskie (Maine)	17	22	20
Ted Kennedy (Mass.)	5	21	11
Hubert Humphrey (Minn.)	9	12	9
George McGovern (S. D.)	6	3	6
Eugene McCarthy (Minn.)	7	2	4
John Lindsay (N. Y.)	5	4	5
Birch Bayh (Ind.)	4	3	3
Henry M. Jackson (Wash.)	4	2	1
Fred R. Harris (Okla.)	1	2	2
Not sure, don't like any	42	29	39

Nearly all of these presidential hopefuls are strong liberals with McGovern, Harris, and McCarthy the most liberal and Humphrey, Bayh, Kennedy, and Lindsay not far behind. Muskie comes across as a more moderate liberal but he hasn't fully revealed his position on many issues.

Kennedy support fell off as the educational level of farmers rose, whereas the support for Muskie rose as the educational level rose. But Kennedy had stronger support among younger farmers than among the older ones, especially in the 18-21 age bracket.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

October 6, 1971

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see polls

MEMORANDUM FOR:

JOHN MITCHELL  
BOB HALDEMAN ✓

FROM:

DON RUMSFELD (D)

Attached is an article from the CHICAGO TODAY by Jack Mabley. He is a very decent, intelligent and respected political observer in the State of Illinois. As you will note, he voted for President Nixon in 1968. In addition he is a friend and supporter of Governor Ogilvie and Chuck Percy.

Today  
9/30

Jack Mabley   
**Prediction:**  
**Democratic**  
**'72 sweep**

**OCTOBER, 1972:** For President, Nixon vs. Muskie. For governor, Ogilvie vs. Simon [Paul, not Seymour]. For U. S. senator, Percy vs. Mikva. For secretary of state, John Lewis vs. Mike Hawlett.

Winners: All the Democrats.  
This is fantasizing on facts 13 months before the election. The shakiest guess is Muskie, because a spontaneous convention outburst might propel Sen. Kennedy into the nomination.

The audacious suggestion of a Democratic sweep comes from a gut feeling that people are sick to death of the war which never ends, and of having to scratch and scrounge and strike and threaten to strike to get enough raises to keep up with inflation.

**EVERY ELECTION** lately in which it was said the war no longer is a major issue I've said hogwash, and I say hogwash again. As long as we have scores of thousands of American men in that miserable land, and hundreds of prisoners rotting in cells, and our young men threatened with draft into an Army that is coming apart at the seams under Commander-in-Chief Nixon, the war will influence the vote.

I voted for Nixon three years ago because he said he had a plan to end the war, and I believed he meant within a year. The thousands of dead Americans, and tens of thousands of maimed, and the terrible neglect of our schools and cities because of war priority can't be erased by a politically timed withdrawal leading up to the election.

How many more Americans will die and be taken prisoner in the next 12 months? "Only" 1,200 dead at the

current rate of 100 a month? How many thousands of B-52 strikes in Southeast Asia at a cost of \$25,000 to \$45,000 for bombs and fuel alone for one plane for one sortie? A thousand a month (the current rate), or \$25 million worth a month?

**WHAT WOULD \$25 million do for the Chicago schools?**  
Maybe Humphrey would have made as big a mess of the economy and the military as Nixon has, but Nixon won, and it will be his record on the life in 1972.

This record will drag down the whole Republican ticket, at least in Illinois, which Mr. Nixon regards as a key state, maybe the key state.

These prognostications are subject to change due to acts of God or the Supreme Court or circumstance. Something might happen to Nixon. The Supreme Court might give Rep. Ab Mikva back his congressional district. Kennedy might say he will not run if nominated, or he might say he wants the nomination.

I am reasonably confident that neither Ogilvie nor Simon will be shown to own race track stock. Ogilvie has

been a fine governor, and will be tough in the campaign.

**DALEY WILL** decide who is the organization candidate. One of his conceits is keeping everybody hanging until the last minute on who gets his nod. With rare exceptions it turns out to be the logical and the most competent man.

Daley respects Simon as a very successful politician. As governor, Simon would work with, not against, Daley in projects and legislation to benefit the city. Simon is independent and incorruptible. So was Gov. Stevenson, who made Daley state revenue director. Daley gets along with honest independents.

Simon would be a fool to answer the question of whether he would run in the Democratic primary if he doesn't get Daley's backing. I have never talked with Simon about it, but knowing him, I am certain he would run.

Daley has to remember when he was an up-and-coming junior in the Kelly-Wash machine when the machine decided to dump Henry Horner. There was a primary fight, Horner vs. Dr. Herman Bundesen. Horner was so strong downstate he won handily. This was in 1937. Simon has the same kind of strength in 1971.



PRESIDENT MUSKIE?



GOV. SIMON?



SEN. MIKVA?



SECRETARY HOWLETT?

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

September 27, 1971

FOR: BOB HALDEMAN  
FROM: DON RUMSFELD

CONFIDENTIAL

*If need  
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E.O. 12065, Section 6-102  
By EP Date 4-27-82

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DETERMINED TO BE AN  
ADMINISTRATIVE MARKING  
E.O. 12065, Section 6-102  
By AmLaw, Date 5-23-82

September 27, 1971

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM FOR:

JOHN MITCHELL  
BOB HALDEMAN

Attached are the results of a recent questionnaire sent out by the United Republican Fund in Illinois to the people who contribute to the Party in the State of Illinois. I thought you might be interested in seeing the results.

# OPERATION "FEEDBACK"

## YOUR REPUBLICAN SPOKESMEN WANT YOUR OPINION ON THESE KEY ISSUES

The GOP is your Party. Its leaders speak on your behalf in public debate on these vital issues. Use this Operation "Feedback" questionnaire to tell them what you think. It will take only a few minutes and we will appreciate your answer.

**RETURN TO: UNITED REPUBLICAN FUND 80 E. JACKSON CHICAGO, ILL. 60604**

1. What do you believe are the three most important issues facing the United States? Please write 1, 2 or 3 opposite the issues listed below: Total Vote - 1095

	<u>1st Choice</u>	<u>2nd Choice</u>	<u>3rd Choice</u>
The War in Vietnam	291	138	141
Inflation	555	294	85
Freedom of speech & press	6	11	12
Wage & price control	92	263	173
Law enforcement	93	198	290
Civil rights	1	20	38
Campus protests	0	5	14
Unemployment	41	112	146
Lowering taxes to Stimulate economy	16	147	137

Balance of questions - Total Vote 1203

2. Is the administration doing a good job in your opinion to reduce the rate of inflation?  
(Check one below)

Good - 436      Fair - 523      Poor - 216      Don't Know - 27

3. Is the administration doing all it should to reduce unemployment?

Yes - 594      No - 306      Don't Know - 268

4. Do you approve of President Nixon's proposed visit to mainland China?

Approve - 928      Disapprove - 185      Don't Know - 90

5. Should Congress adopt President Nixon's proposal for the federal government to share revenue with the states?

Yes - 650      No - 344      Don't Know - 182

Your County \_\_\_\_\_

SIGNATURE \_\_\_\_\_

DETERMINED TO BE AN  
ADMINISTRATIVE MARKING  
E.O. 12065, Section 6-102  
By ~~Confidential~~ NARS, Date 5-23-82

✓  
File Polls -  
Ill.

from Pumpfield

June 7, 1971

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Illinois Poll

The following was done by a highly reputable and exceedingly accurate midwestern firm called Market Facts, Inc. They had a sample of 600, statewide in the State of Illinois. It is about 5 weeks old in terms of the field work. The results were

- 1) Job approval:
 

	Approval	Disapproval
Richard Nixon	47%	37%
Agnew	41%	36%
Chuck Percy	61%	23%
  
- 2) Percy vs. Scott in a primary:
 

Percy	51%
Scott	32%
No Opinion	16%
  
- 3) Percy vs. Simon in a General Election
 

Percy	48%
Simon	32%
No Preference	20%
  
- 4) Issues. Respondents were provided a list of 15 issues and asked: Which are the 2 or 3 most important. The responses were
 

The war in Southeast Asia	68%
Unemployment	52%
Crime	39%
Pollution	39%
Inflation	32%

CONFIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM

5) Nixon vs. Muskie

Nixon	41%
Muskie	48%
No Preference	9%

Percy vs. Foran

Percy	57%
Foran	32%
No Opinion	10%

6) Miscellaneous items of interest:

- 19% said they relied on political advertising
- 27% had less confidence in government than they used to
- 27% felt the 91st Congress was a do-nothing Congress
- 66% felt political campaign expenditures should be limited by law
- 42% felt there were too few honest politicians today
- 38% felt political adds were misleading

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT  
WASHINGTON

March 27, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR:

BOB HALDEMAN  
BOB FINCH

FROM:

DONALD RUMSFELD *DR*

Attached is a summary of election results in Illinois in recent years. I was interested to note that in every election, either all of our top candidates won, or all of our top candidates lost.

	<u>1950</u>	<u>1951</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>1950</u>	<u>1951</u>
<u>1950</u>					
President	1,831,103	1,884,715	53,612-D	40.1	41.1
Governor	1,878,007	2,250,074	372,067-D	42.0	49.1
Senator	1,740,020	2,147,754	407,734-D	41.3	48.1
<u>1951</u>					
Senator	1,851,884	1,857,330	294,354-R	53.9	48.0
<u>1952</u>					
President	2,457,327	2,013,920	443,407-R	54.8	44.0
Governor	2,317,363	2,089,721	227,642-R	52.5	47.3
<u>1953</u>					
Senator	1,563,603	1,804,333	240,655-D	48.4	50.0
<u>1954</u>					
President	2,623,327	1,775,682	847,645-R	59.5	40.3
Governor	2,171,786	2,134,906	36,877-R	50.3	49.1
Senator	2,307,352	1,949,883	357,469-R	54.1	43.7
<u>1955</u>					
President	2,863,866	2,377,846	486,020-R	49.0	39.0
Governor	2,070,479	2,594,731	524,252-D	44.3	53.0
Senator	2,093,846	2,530,943	437,097-D	45.2	54.0
<u>1956</u>					
Senator	1,931,202	1,748,007	213,195-R	52.9	47.1
<u>1957</u>					
President	1,905,943	2,796,833	690,887-D	40.5	49.6
Governor	2,239,035	2,418,394	179,299-D	48.1	51.0
<u>1958</u>					
Senator	2,100,440	1,678,147	422,302-R	54.9	43.6
<u>1959</u>					
President	2,174,774	2,039,314	134,960-R	47.0	44.2
Governor	2,307,295	2,179,501	127,794-R	51.2	49.1
Senator	2,338,947	2,073,242	265,705-R	53.0	43.0