

Richard Nixon Presidential Library  
Contested Materials Collection  
Folder List

<u>Box Number</u>	<u>Folder Number</u>	<u>Document Date</u>	<u>No Date</u>	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Document Type</u>	<u>Document Description</u>
17	4	1/16/1971	<input type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Memo	From Charles W. Colson to Haldeman. RE: The 1972 Voter Groups, and the need for a "control group." 2 pgs.
17	4	11/27/1970	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Memo	From Haldeman to Mr. Finch. RE: 1972 Voter Groups, and the possibility of focusing on White ethnic middle-class working families. 1 pg.
17	4		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Personal	Memo	From Haldeman to Colson. RE: Message which reads, "Thanks." 1 pg.
17	4		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Personal	Other Document	Handwritten note from Cliff to Chuck which reads: "Hope this helps!" 1 pg.

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17	4		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Domestic Policy	Report	A report entitled, "Political Advantages to the President of a National Citizens Committee for Revenue Sharing." RE: the \$100,000 spent for the National Citizens Committee for Revenue Sharing. 4 pgs.
17	4	12/3/1970	<input type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Report	A detailed report that reflects the registry in Maine. 2 pgs.
17	4		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Campaign	Newspaper	A newspaper article written by Paul Scott entitled, "Rocky Still Seeking White House." 1 pg.

## DOCUMENT WITHDRAWAL RECORD [NIXON PROJECT]

DOCUMENT NUMBER	DOCUMENT TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE OR CORRESPONDENTS	DATE	RESTRICTION
N-1 [DOC # 7]	Memo	HRH to President, re: Cardinal Cooke and the Ethics	1/26/71	C
N-2 [DOC # 8]	Memo	HRH to Huston, re: ethnic worker situation	1/9/71	C
N-3 [DOC # 9]	Memo	HRH to Huston, re: ethnic workers, with attachments	12/8/70	C
N-4 [DOC # 10]	Memo	Colson to HRH, re: 1972 voter groups, with attachment	1/16/71	C
N-5 [DOC # 11]	Note	HRH to Colson, re: "thanks", with attachments	n.d.	C
N-6 [DOC # 12]	News Summary	P. 3 re: Foreign policy + President	n.d.	C
N-7 [DOC # 13]	Report	Report on maine for Muskie Committee, with attachment	12/3/70	C
N-8 [DOC # 14]	Memo	Constance Stuart to HRH + Klein, re: released state visit, w/ attachment	1/28/71	C
N-9 [DOC # 15]	Memo	Timmons to HRH, re: Smithsonian Instn.	1/25/71	C
N-10 [DOC # 16]	Memo	Timmons to President, re: <del>internment</del> of Senator Russell	1/21/71	C

FILE GROUP TITLE

HRH

BOX NUMBER

271

FOLDER TITLE

January [1971]

## RESTRICTION CODES

- A. Release would violate a Federal statute or Agency Policy.
- B. National security classified information.
- C. Pending or approved claim that release would violate an individual's rights.
- D. Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of privacy or a libel of a living person.

- E. Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information.
- F. Release would disclose investigatory information compiled for law enforcement purposes.
- G. Withdrawn and return private and personal material.
- H. Withdrawn and returned non-historical material.

## DOCUMENT WITHDRAWAL RECORD [NIXON PROJECT]

DOCUMENT NUMBER	DOCUMENT TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE OR CORRESPONDENTS	DATE	RESTRICTION
N-11 [DOC # 17]	Memo	HRTT to Caruthers, re: Voice over technique, with attachments <u>Sub File: Pen James</u>	1/25/71	C
N-12 [DOC # 18]	Memo	Mohler to HRTT, re: Personal Staff Plans, with attachments	1/19/71	C
N-13 [DOC # 19]	Resume	E. Pendleton James	n.d.	C
N-14 [DOC # 20]	Memo	pp. 4, 5 of HRTT memo re: Kintley, Janet, etc, w/attached portion of James's resume	1/19/71	C

FILE GROUP TITLE

HRTT

BOX NUMBER

271

FOLDER TITLE

January [1971]

## RESTRICTION CODES

- A. Release would violate a Federal statute or Agency Policy.
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Presidential Materials Review Board

Review on Contested Documents

Collection: H. R. Haldeman

Box Number: 271

Folder: January [1971]

<u>Document</u>	<u>Disposition</u>		
7	Retain	Open	
8	Retain	Open	
9	Retain	Open	
10	Return	Private/Political	
11	Return	Private/Political	
12	Retain	Open	
13	Return	Private/Political	
14	Retain	Open	
15	Retain	Close	Invasion of Privacy
16	Retain	Open	
17	Retain	Open	
18	Retain	Close	Invasion of Privacy
19	Retain	Open	
20	Retain	Close	Invasion of Privacy

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

*✓ Mitchell*

January 16, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: H. R. HALDEMAN  
FROM: CHARLES W. COLSON *WR*  
SUBJECT: 1972 Voter Groups

By memo of November 27th to Bob Finch, copy to me, you requested a plan for identifying those areas in which we should concentrate our efforts for the greatest political impact in 1972.

I have, as you know, addressed a number of memos to you on this subject dealing mainly with Blue Collar and Catholic groups.

I have further discussed this whole question with Bob Finch on several occasions. Bob feels the need, as I do, for a small working group -- what the President some months ago called a "control group" -- to meet regularly to discuss the political issues involved in what we are doing in the Administration, and the relationship of our issues to the areas we are seeking to cultivate. The group would, of course, also seek to identify areas of political opportunity whether it is the blue collar, the farmer, the south, the Catholic, etc. and review what we are accomplishing with each.

Rumsfeld and I have also talked about this. The problem is with everyone busy doing their own thing, this hasn't gotten off the ground and I think needs some direction at this point from you.

My own opinion, for what it is worth, is that the group should consist of Finch, Rumsfeld, Ehrlichman, Dent and Colson. It might be expanded from time to time as particular issues demanded, but if it is to be an effective working group, it should not be much larger than this. I can hardly call such a group together but someone should. We should meet frequently, if for no other reason than to give an occasional political evaluation to the various programs we have underway.

On my copy of your memo to Finch you indicated that the President would like a plan making maximum use of his time with these groups. Most of the things we can do with these groups politically we are doing.

There has been a regular continuing flow of labor leaders to every White House function. We have been working and will continue to work the Catholics very hard. (We are about to work the abortion issue over). We have a steady stream of material going out in the mail. We keep the open hours full and will program visits with all key groups.

In addition, I am presently preparing a schedule of events for the entire year as to which Presidential participation might be considered. I will review with Chapin and have specific recommendations for you very shortly.

November 27, 1970

**CONFIDENTIAL**

MEMORANDUM FOR : MR. FINCH  
FROM : H. R. HALDEMAN  
SUBJECT : 1972 Voter Groups

The President would like you to sit down with Colson and Rumsfeld and make some decisions as to where we should be concentrating in order to have the greatest impact with regard to the heavy industrialized states in 1972. Colson has suggested that the group consisting of White ethnic middle-class working family men is the one we should go after. Rumsfeld, on the other hand, puts primary emphasis on what he calls the suburbanite, who is not a member of a labor union, and generally white-collar.

There is no question but that we should continue to cultivate Catholics clearly apart from whether they are labor or white collar, and that we should work hard on ethnics - particularly East Europeans and Italians.

HRH:LH:pm:EK:pm

cc: Mr. Colson

*Rumsfeld*

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

TO: *Leon*  
FROM: BOB HALDEMAN

FYI _____	PLEASE HANDLE _____
-----------	---------------------

OTHER:

*Thanks*

*J*

Chuck -

Hope this  
keeps!

Cliff

POLITICAL ADVANTAGES TO THE PRESIDENT OF A  
NATIONAL CITIZENS COMMITTEE  
FOR REVENUE SHARING

The principal thesis of this outline is that \$100,000 spent for the National Citizens Committee for Revenue Sharing now is worth a great deal more to the President politically than the same amount spent for public relations activities in 1972.

- This National Citizens Committee provides bi-partisan credibility and legitimacy to revenue sharing--leading independent businessmen (Tom Watson, for example) and Democrats who are not Nixon Democrats (Walter Heller, Sol Linowitz, Joseph Pechman, Richard Pettigrew, Carl Stokes, Jess Unruh to name the most outstanding) are given a national vehicle through which to promote revenue sharing. (See attached list of members.) This forum is multiplied many times at the state and local level with similar state and local committees.
- The President is the only one clearly identified with revenue sharing--he already has this initiative, and has Democratic governors, mayors, county officials, and legislators supporting him on it. The Democrats are worried that the President has them on this major issue--i. e. Larry O'Brien's meeting with the Democratic governors on revenue sharing in St. Louis at the end of last month; Larry O'Brien's caucus of Democratic governors, mayors, congressional leaders on April 22 to "reconcile our differences on this issue"; Wilbur Mills' comment on a T. V. talk show ten days ago--"we will give the cities M-O-N-E-Y not revenue sharing". Therefore, everything which promotes "revenue sharing" is promoting the "President's revenue sharing". No one else is selling revenue sharing.
- The Citizens Committee provides us with our only vehicle to Democrats--the Citizens Committee reached Tate and Stokes for their "well publicized" comments on Muskie's position; the Citizens Committee organized a committee in Georgia without Governor Carter and then turned Governor Carter into a proponent--he subsequently asked Ed Harper to come down to brief his cabinet; the Citizens Committee has an open link to Senator Humphery through Walter Heller; many Congressmen have expressed interest in the Citizens Committee

and have asked it for supporting information on revenue sharing.

- The Citizens Committee is completely trusted by the governors', mayors', and county officials' organizations here in Washington so that the coalition of elected officials is being tightly coordinated on this issue.
- The Citizens Committee has the organization and staffing to respond to critical editorials, articles and Congressional comment. Much of the response now is being written at the White House and Treasury and then fed out under the signature of William Scranton or Albert Brewer, the Co-chairmen, Sumner Whittier, the Executive Director; the mayors or other members of the Committee. In addition, the comment is played at the state and local level through state and local committees.
- The Citizens Committee provides us with our only vehicle of creating and generating grass roots support--letters, resolutions, visits to Congress, etc.
- The Citizens Committee will provide prominent opinion leaders or witnesses before the Ways and Means Committee.
- The Citizens Committee triples our "heavy hitting" resources which can be used in speaking engagements, talk shows, tours, etc. The Citizens Committee has set up a seven state tour of its prominent members for late April and early May. These tours include speeches, editorial board visits, local talk shows. In addition, the Committee has arranged for Walter Heller or Harold LeVander and Carl Stokes to be on ABC's Issues and Answers on May 9.

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All of this will have to be slowed down and in some cases eliminated (for example, the already created road shows) without funding. The Committee is just about out of money.

NATIONAL CITIZENS COMMITTEE  
FOR REVENUE SHARING  
Suite 440 1707 L Street, NW.  
Washington, D. C. 20036  
(202) 223-3043

CO-CHAIRMEN

Hon. Albert P. Brewer  
Former Governor, Alabama

Hon. William W. Scranton  
Former Governor, Pennsylvania

TREASURER

George D. Bjurman  
Finance Committee Chairman  
Occidental Life Insurance Company  
of California

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John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co.

John Brewer  
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Committee  
National Association of Counties

Erwin D. Canham  
Editor-in-Chief, The Christian Science  
Monitor

Clesson Y. Chikasuye  
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Justin Dart  
Chairman and President  
Dart Industries

Ruth M. Easterling  
President National Federation of Business  
and Professional Women's Clubs

Thomas W. Evans  
Attorney

Leonard K. Firestone  
Director  
Firestone Tire & Rubber Company

Hon. Arthur Flemming  
President, Macalester College;  
Former Secretary HEW

Chloe Gifford  
Past President  
General Federation of Women's Clubs

Walter Heller  
Former Chairman  
Council of Economic Advisors

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Kemper Insurance Group

Thomas D. Laney  
Executive Vice President  
Building Owners & Managers Association

Donald Lasater  
President, Mercantile Trust Company  
St. Louis

Ralph Lazarus  
Chairman  
Federated Department Stores, Inc.

Hon. Harold LeVander  
Former Governor, Minnesota

Sol M. Linowitz  
Chairman, National Urban Coalition

Edwin G. Michaelian  
County Executive, Westchester, New York

Dr. J. Roscoe Miller  
Chancellor  
Northwestern University

Crocker Nevin  
Chairman  
Marine Midland Grace Trust Co.

Joseph A. Pechman  
Economist

Hon. Richard A. Pettigrew  
Chairman, Revenue Sharing Committee  
National Conference of State  
Legislative Leaders

Harold Russell  
Chairman, President's Committee  
for Employment of Handicapped

Raymond J. Saulnier  
Former Chairman  
Council of Economic Advisors

Victoria Schuck  
Professor  
Mt. Holyoke College

Paul Sonnabend  
President  
Sonesta International Hotels, Inc.

Hon. Carl B. Stokes  
Mayor, Cleveland

Hon. James H. J. Tate  
Mayor, Philadelphia;  
President, U.S. Conference of Mayors

Gordon B. Thomas  
President  
United States Jaycees

Dr. Norman Topping  
Chancellor  
University of Southern California

Lynn Townsend  
Chairman  
Chrysler Corporation

Hon. Jess Unruh  
Former Speaker  
California Assembly

Thomas J. Watson, Jr.  
Chairman  
International Business Machines Corp.

Hon. Louie B. Welch  
Mayor, Houston

Frederick G. Larkin, Jr.  
President  
Security Pacific National Bank

Eugene Williams  
President  
St. Louis Union Trust Co.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR  
Sumner G. Whittier

Ernest Muskie (D)

	<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Expenses</u>
Maine for Muskie	77,148.87	101,015.39
Citizens for Muskie	69,077.72	71,080.05
Maine Lawyers for Muskie	455.--	451.50
	<u>146,681.59</u>	<u>172,546.94</u>

<u>Maine for Muskie Committee</u>	
Contributions	\$146,681.59
Expenses	\$101,015.39

Union Support

Maine COPE	5,000
Architects Non-Partisan Political League	500
Committee for Good Government	1,000
Malgamated Meat Cutters & Butchers	500
Communications Workers of America (CWA-COPE)	500
Malgamated Clothing Workers Political Education Committee - Boston	500
Laborers Political League (DC)	1,000
Transportation Political Education League, Ohio	500
International Brotherhood of Painters, et al (DC)	200
United Auto Workers COPE	1,500
Malgamated Transit Union COPE (DC)	150
National Marine Engineers Beneficial Association (DC)	2,500
Active Ballot Club (DC)	1,000
Industrial Union Department AFL-CIO	1,000
Transportation Workers of America (New York)	1,000

Major Contributors

F. Salzbank, Manhasset, NY	1,000
R. Picker, NYC (of United Artist Group)	5,000
A. Picker, NYC (United Artist Corp.)	5,000
F. Rohatyn, NYC (partner, Lazard, Freres & Co.) (Dir. IT&T) (Dir. Engelhard Minerals & Chemical) (Governor, NYSE)	1,500
J. Cohen, Brookline, Mass.	1,000
J. Edwards, Barryville, Va.	3,000
R. Gibbs, Boston, Mass. (Clergyman, Unitarian Church)	1,000
E. Hyman, Westport, Conn. (believe Pres. American Broadcasting - Paramount Pictures)	1,000
D. Cory, Hudson, N.H.	1,000

Other groups contributing were:

Savings Association Political Education Committee (DC)	1,000
Action Committee for Rural Electrification (DC)	1,000
Bankers Political Action Committee (Mich.)	2,500
Citizens Beneficial Committee	5,000

<u>Interesting Expenditures</u>		
S.A. Films - Montvale, N.J.		10,075
(TV Production Cost)		
<u>Salary (Personnel)</u>		
Don Nicholl		6,750
Charles Mitchell		5,100
Peter N. Hyros, Jr. (son of Maine Congressman)		2,600
John L. Martin		3,800
George Mitchell		2,500
(Interesting to note that Nicholl is A.A. One wonders if he took leave during the campaign.)		
<u>Citizens for Muskie</u>		
Contributions	\$65,077.72	Expenses \$71,080.05
<u>Union support</u>		
International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers COPE (DC)		500
Transportation Political Education League (Ohio)		600
Teamsters Local #34 DRIVE Political Education Committee (S. Portland)		1,000
Fireman & Oilers (DC)		100
Portland Building Trades Council COPE		100
Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America Political League		100
Engineers Political Education Committee (DC)		500
International Brotherhood of Publ. Sulphite and Paper Mill Workers		
Vol. COPE Fund		1,000
Oil, Chemical & Atomic Workers (Colo.)		100
Transportation Workers Union of America Special COPE Account (NY)		200
International Typographical Union Political Committee (Colo)		200
ILGWU 1970 Campaign Fund		400
Utility Workers Union of America COPE (DC)		100
J. McNamara, Washington, D.C.		200
(a John McNamara is Sec-Treas of Fireman & Oilers Union)		
<u>Major Contributors</u>		
H. Ellis, Manchester, Conn.		1,000
(believe Pres. of Wyandotte Industries)		
A. & R. Picker, NYC		1,000
(United Artist Corp.)		
P. Shanedling, Beverly Hills, Calif.		1,000
<u>Other groups</u>		
Citizens Reception Committee		295.22
<u>Interesting Expenditures</u>		
SA Films		10,036.30
(TV Productions Cost)		

John T. Martilla, the campaign consultant who engineered Rep. Robert F. Drinan's congressional victory, is now in Philadelphia working for mayoral candidate William Green, Jr.

More and more it looks like Chicago will be the site of the 1972 Democratic National Convention.

## Rocky Still Seeking White House

By Paul Scott

NEW YORK'S Gov. Nelson Rockefeller has begun maneuvering to win a spot on the 1972 GOP presidential ticket.

That is the private interpretation that key members of the Republican National Committee are placing on a recent Rockefeller statement that he supports the President for re-election but would become a candidate should Nixon decide not to run. When privately quizzed by a GOP committee member about the statement, aides of the New York governor reported that Rockefeller believes there is at least a 50-50 chance that the President will not seek re-election.

Should Nixon decide not to make the race, they stressed, Rockefeller wants to be in position to announce his candidacy immediately and to enter the GOP presidential nomination by lining up as much of Nixon's backing as possible before other candidates could get their campaigns under way.

A GOP COMMITTEE member also was told that Rockefeller is convinced that if the President decides to seek a second term he will probably drop Vice-President Spiro Agnew and seek out a new running mate. The former governor of Maryland was a Rockefeller backer before switching to Nixon in 1968.

Rockefeller's influence within the Nixon inner-circle is much greater than most people realize and is constantly being increased according to GOP committee members who have access to the governor.

Rockefeller's New York committee has urged Nixon not to let the

Republican presidential nomination, the President has gone out of his way to name Rockefeller advisers and backers to key policy-making posts within his administration.

Nixon's two most influential advisers are close personal friends and former advisers of Rockefeller. They are Henry Kissinger, the President's chief adviser on foreign policy and national security affairs, and Atty. Gen. John Mitchell, the President's top political and domestic adviser.

Up until Nixon won the GOP nomination at Miami in 1968, Kissinger served as Rockefeller's foreign policy adviser. After his nomination, Nixon met Kissinger at a Clare Booth Luce cocktail party and on advice of Rockefeller took on the Harvard professor as his number-one foreign-policy aide.

MITCHELL, BEFORE taking over direction of Nixon's presidential campaign in 1968, was one of Rockefeller's key advisers. He served as the Rockefeller financial interests' "bond attorney" for years, handling hundreds of millions of dollars.

Justice Department insiders say that Mitchell has privately urged the President to pick Rockefeller as his 1972 running-mate to help carry New York state and to govern him as the 1975 GOP nominee. Should Nixon decide not to run, Mitchell wants Rockefeller to be the 1972 candidate.

It was Mitchell who recommended to the President that he set up the "California White House." The purpose is to create the image that California is President Nixon's home political base rather than New York.

This move could be politically useful in 1972 should Rockefeller become Nixon's running mate. It would give the Republican candidate a ticket with the California vote coming from the

two states with the largest population and most votes.

Another key Nixon adviser is John D. Rockefeller III, who heads the President's Commission on Population Growth and America's Future. The recommendations the Rockefeller Commission is preparing could easily become the major domestic issues in the 1972 campaign.

The commission's reports, the first of which will hit the headlines in the spring, are being tailored to bring about the adoption of a national policy of zero population growth. The impact of such a policy on the life styles of the nation will be tremendous.

White House insiders now refer to the commission's work as preparing the way for the "Rockefeller man." Some staff members claim the commission's recommendations will be the center plank in the Republican party's 1972 platform.

ANOTHER FORMER Rockefeller backer, Jerris Leonard, has just been given the job of directing the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, the agency with the fastest growing budget in government today. The appointment puts Leonard in a position where he will be handing out hundreds of millions of dollars to state, city, and local governments to improve law enforcement and justice.

A long-time Rockefeller supporter from Wisconsin, Leonard was brought into the Nixon administration by Mitchell to head the Justice Department's civil rights division. Friends of Leonard say he is still a strong Rockefeller booster and favors a Nixon-Rockefeller ticket. His contacts with state and local officials through his new position puts him in a key position to help Rockefeller throughout the country in 1972.