## Richard Nixon Presidential Library White House Special Files Collection Folder List

| Box Number | Folder Number | Document Date | Document Type | Document Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | 14 | n.d. | Report | Draft note re: planning for next series of rolling wave questions with attached copy of report of 9/30-10/01 poll results. Copy of Williamsburg Inn menu with handwritten notes of meeting. 6 pages. |
| 36 | 14 | 10/03/1968 | Memo | Memo from Ellsworth to Haldeman/Finch re: Texas poll results. Not released due to unfavorable results for Texas gubernatorial race.Note that communication with New York office is terrible. 2 pages. |
| 36 | 14 | 10/06/1968 | Report | Report of Californa state polling comparison to 2 weeks ago. 1 page. |
| 36 | 14 | 10/06/1968 | Report | Report of election simulation based on Gallup poll dated 09/20-09/22, by state, with breakdown of electoral votes. 3 pages. |
| 36 | 14 | n.d | Report | Report of 1968 Electoral vote projection as of late September with notes. 5 pages. |
| 36 | 14 | n.d. | Report | Report of instant research results for period ending September 30. 7 pages. |

Box Number Folder Number Document Date
36

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Report

Document Description
Report of switches in voting preference JulySeptember 1968, Michigan. 5 pages.

Report of switches in voting preference JulySeptember 1968, Ohio. 5 pages.

Report of switches in voting preference JulySeptember 1968, Missouri. 5 pages.

Report of results of Harris and Gallup polls showing Wallace trend in select southern and non-southern states. 1 page.
(10)

Wednesday the next series of rolling wave questions. Please feed in any items to which you would like responses by Friday.

6 quentin
Do you wish a written report on the abound if so where should it be sent?


Also whiten Your is Rm. $2 \sqrt{31}$

its you have cony additional Bob - No

a dor Qattuald yo wait witter andyun


This report is based upon 1,230 responses from a random probability sample in 9 northern battleground states during the period 26-29 September (Califomia, Missouri, Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey). This yields a sampling error of plus or minus 3 per cent.
(1) I'm going to read you several possible actions the U.S. could take in regard to Vietnam. For each one please tell me whether you would be for or against this type of action.
(a) The U.S. should try to get more troops from other nations to help in the fighting in Vietnam. For: $76 \%$; Against: $18 \%$; No opinion: $6 \%$.
(b) The U.S. should continue to bomb military targets in North Vietnam. Agree: 64\%; Against 21\%; No opinion: 15\%.
(c) We should use our Navy to close the port of Haiphong. For: 45\%; Against: 21\%; No opinion: 34\%.
(d) We should send more of our own ground troops to fight in South Vietnam. For: 15\%; Against: 74\%; No opinion: 11\%.
(e) The U.S. should withdraw all of its troops from Vietnam immediately. For: 19\%; Against: 71\%; No opinion: $10 \%$.
(f) We should set up a new government in Vietnam that includes Communists representatives. For 21\%; Against: 55\%; No opinion: $24 \%$.
(g) We should use atomic bombs to end the war in Vietnam quickly. For: $10 \%$; Against: $80 \%$; No opinion: $10 \%$.
(2) In your opiniun are the paris negotiations between the U. S. and North Vietnam soing to bring the war in Vietnam to an end or not. Yes: 15\%; No: 66\%; No opinion: $19 \%$.
(3) After the election, do you think there should or should not be a summit meeting between our new President and the Russian leaders. Should be : 69\%; Should not be: 16\%; No opinion: 15\%.
(4) Who do you think would do a better job of dealing with Russia at such a summit meeting. Hubert Humphrey or Richard Nixon. HHH: $15 \%$; RN: $43 \%$; No difference: $4 \%$; neither: $6 \%$. No opinion: $21 \%$.
(5) Right now as you understand it are we ahead or behind Russian is space achievements? Ahead: $16 \%$; Behind: $67 \%$; No opinion: $17 \%$.

## BOX LUNCHES

$\$ 1.85$
Choice of one of these sandwiches:
Beef Sliced Chicken Ham
Chicken Salad Egg Salad

And one of these:
Peanut Butter and Jelly Peanut Butter and Honey

American Cheese Cream Cheese and Jelly or Nut

Fresh Fruit
Hard Boiled Egg Celery and Pickles
Cake Salt and Pepper
$\qquad$
$\$ 2.25$
Choice of two of these sandwiches:

| Beef Sliced Chicken |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Chicken Salad |  |
|  | $*$ |

Fresh Fruit Hard Boiled Egg Celery and Pickles Cake Salt and Pepper
\$2.50
Fried Chicken (Half) or Chicken Salad

Hard Boiled Egg
Fresh Fruit
Bread and Butter Sandwiches
Celery and Pickles
Cake Salt and Pepper

Do you bave your thermos? We will gladly fill it with Hot or lced Coffee or Tea. No Extra Charge.

A Special Service for Picnickens and Travelers

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#### Abstract

(6) Compared to the space efforts of Russia, have the space efforts of the U.S. increased, decreased, or stayed about the same during the Johnson Administration. Increased: 23\%; Decreased: $20 \%$; Stayed the same: $43 \%$; No opinion: $14 \%$.


(7) Sone people say that since Hubert Humphrey was Vice President with the Johnson Adminilstration he should share the blame for any mistakes that were made. Do you agree or disagree. Agree: $24 \%$; Disagree: $69 \%$; No opinion: $8 \%$. (This was a very partisan response, with Democrats heavily disagreeing and Republicans heavily agreeing.)

Note: In wave: 2 the following item was asked: "Hubert Humphrey should not be held responsible for mistakes of the Johnson Administration. Do you agree or disagree?" Agree: 66\%; Disagree: $26 \%$; No opinion: $8 \%$.

The conclusion from this question asked in two forms is that a general attack on Humphrey for his relationship with Johnson is undesirable. The relationship should be left to the imagination without a direct attack by the candidate.

Following is the results of the field work done September 23-29, compared with the same organization's poll of 4 months ago:
End of Sept. End of May

| Nixon | 34 | 30 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Humphrey | 27 | 32 |
| Wallace | 22 | 20 |
| Undecided | 17 | 18 |

The Texas people are not releasing this because the pollsters will not authorize it on a partial basis -and the Texas people do not want the results of their Governor situation made public. It is pretty bad as follows:

Democrat Preston Smith 45
Republican Paul Eggers 22
Undecided :33

NB: Also, Albert Fay reports that the Nixon campaign in Texas is now fully funded.

He also reports that he has a terrible time communicating with New York.

The Sinte Poll (California) -... October ; 6, 1968

|  | Septernber $28-29$ | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Nimon | 44 |  |
| Humphrey | 33 | $\cdots$ |
| Wallace | 7 | 34 |
| Cleaver | 2 | 7 |
| Don't Krow | 14 | 15 |

How strongly do you feel about your choice?

|  | Nixon | Humphrey | Wallace | Cleaver |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Very strongly | 59 | 49 | 47 | 25 |
| Somewhat strongly | 22 | 27 | 34 | 42 |
| Not very strongly | 19 | 24 | 18 | 33 |
| Don't know | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |


|  | Reps. | Dems. | Others |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nixon | 78 | 18 | 42 |
| Humphrey | 7 | 52 | 2 |
| Wallace | 5 | 9 | 13 |
| Cleaver | 0 | 3 | 18 |
| Don't Know | 10 | 18 | 25 |
| Humphrey supporters indicate stronger commitment compared to their |  |  |  |
| responies in the previous survey. Marginal weakening of commitment |  |  |  |
| to Nixon. wrllace supporters less strongly committed. Humphrey |  |  |  |
| Irails Nixon by less in Norhern California than in Southern California. |  |  |  |
| Wellace now recsived heavier support in Northern California than |  |  |  |

(Estimated Vote)


| STATE | NIXON | HUMPHREX | WALLACE | OTHER | NIXON MARGIN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *Massachusetts | 40 | 39 | 11 | 10 | + I |
| *M1chigan | 48 | 28 | 16 | 8 | $\div 20$ |
| *Minnesota | 52 | 33 | 7 | $\cdots 8$ | $+19$ |
| Mississiopi | 13 | 15 | 65 | 7 | -52. |
| *M1ssouri | 47 | 25 | 21 | 7 | $+22$ |
| *Montana | 48 | 38 | 9 | 5 | $+10$ |
| *Nebraska | 64 | 17 | 11 | 8 | 47 |
| *Nevada | 46 | 35 | 14 | 5 | $+11$ |
| *New Hampshire | 54 | 29 | 7 | 20 | $+25$ |
| *New Jersey | 42 | 28 | 20 | 10 | $+14$ |
| *New Mexico | 44 | 37 | 14 | 5 | $+7$ |
| *New York | 41 | 34 | 15 | 10 | +7 |
| North Carolina | 34 | 22 | 37 | 7 | -3 |
| *North Dakota | 62 | 24 | 6 | 8 | -42 |
| \% Ohio | 49 | 24 | 19 | 8 | $+25$ |
| *Oklahoma | 45 | 24 | 23 | 8 | +21 |
| *Oregon | 48 | 35 | 12 | 5 | $+13$ |
| *Pennsylvania | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 | $+10$ |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 42 | 9 | 10 | - 3 |
| South Carolina | 28 | 21 | 44 | 7 | $-16$ |
| *South Dakota | 65 | 21 | 6 | 8 | $+44$ |
| *Tennessee | 37 | 21 | 35 | 7 | $+2$ |
| Texas | 37 | 26 | 30 | 7 | $+7$ |
| *utah | 49 | 32 | 14 | 5 | $+17$ |
| *Vermont | 60 | 25 | 5 | 10 | +35 |


| STPATE | NIXON | HUMPHREY | WALtace | OTHER | NIXON MARGIN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *Virginia | 37 | 26 | 30 | 7 | + 7 |
| *Washington | 45 | 41 | 9 | 5 | + 4 |
| *West Virginia | 38 | 32 | 20 | 10 | +6 |
| *Wisconsin | 52 | 26 | 15 | 7 | +26 |
| *Wyoming | 49 | 32 | 24 | 5 | $+27$ |
| U.S. | 43 | 28 | 21 | 8 | $+15$ |
| Electoral Votes |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nixon 461 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Humphrey |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wallace 66 |  |  |  |  |  |



Method: The allocation of states to the three Presidential candidates is based on an analysis of polling data not on so-called expert opinion or intuitive judgement. There are two main sources of information that have bee used: 1. Various trial-heat state polls by Opinion Research Corporation, as well as available data from other o ganizations. 2. Projections to individual states of the most recent regional trial-heat data. These region-tostate projections are given substantial weight when the state and regional results have maintained a consistent, pattern in Presidential elections from 1948 to 1904 . When the state-to-region pattern of results has been mixed erratic, less weight is given to such projections. When both trial heat polls and regional projections are avail able, estimates are based on a judgement as to which is more reiiable.

Regional results are based on Gallup Poll results for early September, and major-party voting patterns in the 1948 through 1964 Presidential elections. .

States are judged according to the consistency of the relationship between the vote for the Republican candidate in that state, and in the region as a whole.

Stable relationships are of two types:
a) states in which the Repubiican candidate consistently received approximately the same level of support in the state as in the region;
b) states in which the Republican candidate has received higher, or lower, support in the state than in the region -- but the difference between the state and the region has been highly consistent for each election.

Regional projections not marked "stable" are those for states which have exhibited a somewhat mixed pattern of results, when comparing state and regional voting behavior.

State poll results: Results based on ORC surveys are marked as such (ORC). Other poll results (unless marked fragmentary) are believed to be based on relatively recent statewide surveys. Fragmentary results are those of unknown origin or date.

## EAST

| Connecticut | Stable regional projection |
| :--- | :--- |
| Delaware | Weighted composite of state poll <br> (ORC) and regional projection* |
| District of Columbia | Estimate based on 1964 vote and <br> fragmentary poll information |
| Maine | Regional projection |
| Maryland | Stable regional projection, con- <br> sistent with fragmentary poll <br> information |

DETERMINED TO BE AN ADMINISTRATIVE MARKING


EAST (Cont.)

| Massachusetts | Regional projection |
| :---: | :---: |
| New Hampshire | Stable regional projection |
| New Jersey | State poll (ORC) consistent with stable regional projection |
| New York | State poll (ORC) consistent with stable regional projection |
| Pennsylvania | State poll (ORC) consistent with regional projection |
| Rhode Is land | Regional projection |
| Vermont | Regional projection |
| West Virginia | Regional projection |
| MIDWEST |  |
| Illinois | State poll (ORC) consistent with stable regional projection |
| Indiana | State poll consistent with stable regional projection |
| Iowa | Regional projection |
| Kansas | Stable regional projection |
| Michigan | State poll (ORC) consistent with regional projection |
| Minnesota | State poll; Humphrey home state** |
| Missouri | State poli (ORC)* |
| Nebraska | Stable regional projection |
| North Dakota | Regional projection |
| Ohio | Weighted composite of state poll (ORC) and stable regional projection |
| South Dakota | Regional projection consistent with fragmentary poll results |
| Wisconsin | State poll (ORC) consistent with stable regional projection |

SOUITH

| Alabama | Wallace home state** |
| :---: | :---: |
| Arkansas | Past regional resuits suggest close to toss-up |
| Florida | State poll (ORC) consistent with regional projection |
| Georgia | Past regional results suggest close to toss-up |
| Kentucky | Fragmentary state poll results consistent with regional projection |
| Iouisiana | Past regional results suggest close to toss-up |
| Mississippi | Racial issues suggest heavy Wallace support** |
| North Carolina | State poll (ORC)** |
| Oklahoma | State poll consistent with regional projection |
| South Carolina | State poll (ORC)** |
| Tennessee | State poll (ORC)*** |
| Texas | State poll (ORC) consistent with regional projection |
| Virginia | State poll (ORC) consistent with regional projection |
| WEST |  |
| Al.aska | Regional projection |
| Arizona | Regj.onal projection |
| California | State poll (ORC) consistent with stable regional projection |
| Colorado | Regional projection |
| Hawaii | Regional projection |
| Idaho | State poll consistent with regional projection |

WEST (Cont.)

| Montana | Stable regional projection |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nevada | Stable regional projection |
| New Mexico | Stable regional projection |
| Oregon | State poll consistent with regional <br> projection |
| Utah | State poll consistent with regional <br> Wrojection |
| Wyoming | Stable regional projection |
|  | Stable regioral projection |

* Regional projections for these states are somewhat inconsistent with available state poll results.
** Regional projections have not been used for these states because of highly erratic relationships to regional voting patterns, or because of special circumstances of the 1968 contest.


## Background

The findings following are based on telephone interviews with a random sampling of $1,4,69$ voters in California, Illinois, Michigen, Missouri, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, and Wisconsin. The interviewing was started on September 20 and interrupted for three state trial heat surveys and.then started up again for the period September 27-30. Sampling error is $\pm 3$ percentage points.

## Surmary of indings

1. Favorability of Candidates

There is little marked change in the balence of favorability toward the three candidates. There are somewhat fewer voters saying they are "more favorable" toward Richard Nixon than in the survey done two weeks earlier .$31 \%$ compared to $39 \%$. A larger number say their opinion is the "same as before" -.. $46 \%$ compared to $37 \%$.

As for Fumphrey and Wallace, the data are virtually the same as in the survey two weeks earlier. More say their opinion of Humphrey is less favorable ( $32 \%$ ) than say it is more favorable ( $1 \% \%$ ). In the case of Wallace, there are about equal numbers in both categories -- $21 \%$ more favorable, $24 \%$ less favorable.
2. Campaion Visubility

All three campaigns have increased in visibility since mid-Septemoer. The sharpest gain, however, has been registered by the Nixon/Agnew campeign.


## 3. Issues

Vietnarn ( $68 \%$ ) remains the overriding issue of most importance in the minds of voters. Next most frequently mentioned are civil rights (29\%), crime and violence (22\%), riots/civil disorder (18\%), taxes and economic problems (18\%).
4. Possible Summit Meeting

A sizable majority ( $68 \%$ ) think the new President should meet at the summit with Russian leaders. When asked whether Humphrey or Nixon would do a better job, Nixon gets the choice -. 43\% to 27\% for Humphrey.
5. Vietnam Policy

In a series of tests of possible U. S. action in Vietnam, voters express themselves against withdrawal and for continuation of the bombing of military targets.

For Against
More troops from other nations to help in Vietnam $75 \%$

Continued bombing of militarer targets $64 \%$
Closing the port of Haiphong 48\%
More U. S. ground troops in Vietnam $74 \%$
Withdrawal of all troops imnediately 73\%
Vietnam government that includes
Communists
$56 \%$
Atomic bombs to end the Vietnam war 81\%
Two-thirds of the voters are skoptical of the Paris peace negotiations, do not think they will end the war.
6. Fortas Nomination

The rejection of the Fortas nomination is more or less in keeping with the balance of opinion among the minority who expressed an opinion. As mory as a third had heard or read nothing about the case. Only $19 \%$ express them-
selves in favor of Fortas as Chief Justice; 28\% against; $53 \%$ had no opinion. Two-thirds agree that the appointment of a new Chief Justice should wait upon the newly elected President.

Among the ruinorities who had an opinion on where the candidates stood regarding the Fortas nomination, Humphrey was thought to be for it $35 \%$ to $3 \%$; Nixon against i.t $25 \%$ to $6 \%$.
7. U. S. vs. Russia in Space

A large majority ( $64 \%$ ) feel we are behind Russia in space achievements. There is disagreoment as to how the balance between the U. S. and Russia has changed during the Johnson Administration.

| "Compared to the space efforts of Russ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| the space efforts of the Uni.ted State |  |  |  |
| decreased, or stayed about the same du |  |  |  |
| Johnson Administration?" |  |  |  |
| Increased |  |  | $23 \%$ |
| Decreased |  |  |  |
| Stayed the same |  |  |  |
| No opinion |  |  |  |
| No |  |  |  |

8. Humphrey Responsibility for Johnson Administration Errors

A majority disagree with the idea that Humphrey should share the blame for mistakes of the Johnson Administration. In the September Wave II study, the same question was asked from a different standpoint and virtually the same result came out. Thus, whether stated positively or negatively, voters reject the argument that Humphrey is to blame for Johnson Administration errors.

STATE:
Tel? 999- $\Lambda$

RESFONDENT'S PHONE NUMBER: $\qquad$
INTERVIEWER: $\qquad$ DATE: $\qquad$
LENGTH OF INTERVIEW: $\qquad$ MINUTES (Now) $9 / 20 \quad 70 \quad 7 / 30$ /468 VIlely

OPINION SURVEY

I'm $\qquad$ and I'm Working on a political survey being made for Opinion Research Corporation in Princeton, New Jersey. This will only take a few minutes, and I would very much like to have you vicis.

1. As you know, in November of this year there will be an election for President of the United States. How sure are you that you will be voting -- very sure, fairly sure, or probably won't you vote?

1 VERY SURE
2 FAIRLY SURE
3. PROBABLY WON'T VOTE

DON' ' ${ }^{\prime}$ KNOW

DISCONTINUE INTERVIEW
2. If the Presidential election were being held today, which candidates would you vote for -the Republican candidates Nixon and Agnew, the Democratic candidates Humphrey and Muskie, or the Third Party candidates Wallace and Griffin?
(IF "UNDECIDED" ON Q. 2, ASK):
3. As of today, do you lean more toward Nixon/Agnew, Humphrey/Muskie or Wallace/ Griffin?

1. NIXON / AGNEW

2 HUMPIREY/MUSKTE


NIXON/AGNEW
2 HUMPHREY/MUSKIE

fEME

F 4. Within the past few weeks, has your opinion of Richard Nixon become more favorable or less favorable than it was before?
5. Within the past few weeks, has your opinion of Hubert Humphrey become more favorable or less favorable than it was before?
6. Within the past few weeks, has your opinion of George Wallace become more favorable or less favorable than it was before?

3 WALIACE/GRTFFIN | 4 WALLACE/GRTFFIN |
| :--- |
| UNDEcIDED |
| $-15109 / 46$ | 311 MORE FAVORABLE 34 162 LESS FAVORABLE 15 $46 \quad 7 \quad \begin{array}{ll}3 \\ 4 & \text { SAME AS BEFORE } \\ \text { NO OPINION }\end{array}$ 74 no opinion 9 171 MORE FAVORABLE 16 $32-2$ Less favorable 3; 423 SAME AS BEFORE 3;

94 NO OPINION 12
21 I MORE FAVORABLE $>2$
242 LESS FAVORABLE $2<$ 283 SAME AS BEFORE $?$ 274 NO OPINION 27

8 7. What, in your opinion, are some of the most important problems facing the country today?
68 Vietnam
18 Root, Curt dink,
29 Gull Rents.
18 Tape, ecmmuic probes
22 Creme swidenim


## 

8. In the presidential campaigns so far, which side have you been hearing the rost about -the Nixon/Agnew side, the Humphrey/Muskie side, or the Wallace side?

9. After the election, do you think there should ( $\mathrm{S}^{\prime} 1$ Should be summit meering or should not be a sumnit meeting between our new President and the Russian leaders?

## 172 SHOULD NOT BE SUMMIT MEETING

 153 NO OPINION10. Who do you think would do a better job of
```
277 HUMPHREY
4 3 2 ~ N I X O N ~
    4 3 NO DIFFERENCE
        6 4 NEITHER
        2O 5 NO OPINION
```


1il. 'I'm going to read you several possible actions that the United States could take in regard to Vietnam. For each one, please tell me whether you would be for or against this type of action.

OR AGATIST NO OPINION
a. The United States should try to get more troops from other nations to help in the fighting in Vietnam.
$751182 \quad 73$
b. The United States should continue to bomb military targets in North Vietnam.
$64122-2 \quad 143$
c. We should use our Navy to close the port of Hai iphong,
$481 \quad 202 \quad 323$
d. We should send more of our own ground troops to fight in South Vietnam.
$151742 \quad 113$
e. The United States should withdraw all its troops from Vietnam immediately.
$191732 \quad 83$
f. We should set up a new government in Vietnam that includes Communist representatives.
$221 \quad 562 \quad 223$
g. We should use atomic bombs to end the war in Vietnam quickly.

| 11 | 8 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

12. In your opinion, are the Paris negotiations between the United States and North Vietnam going to bring the war in Vietnam to an end or not?

> 17 BRING WAR TO END
> 652 NOT? BRING WAR TO END 153 NO OPINION
13. Have you heard or read anything about Abe Fortas being nominated for Chief Justice of the Supreme 332 No Court?
14. Do you think Abe Fortas should be made Chief

191 YES Justice of the Supreme Court or not?
15. Some Senators are supporting Fortas as Chief Justice, and some are against him. What do you think are the main points against Fortas?

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3 . Anti-Lenitio; he's Jewish

3 利politicil $15 \operatorname{sen} e$
3. Tho modeling la politico

16. Some people say the appointment of a new Chief Justice should wait until after the November election so the new President can make his own choice. Do

641 AGREE
252 DISAGREE // 3 NO OPINION you agree or disagree with this?
17. Some Senators say they are going to block Fortas by a filibuster, that is, a continuous debate. Do you approve or disapprove of Senators doing this?
18. As you understand it, is Hubert Humphrey for or against the appointment of Forts?
19. As you understand it, is Richard Nixon for or against the appointment of Fortas?

20. Right now, "as you understand it, are we ahead or behind Russia in space achievements?
21. Compared to the space efforts of Russia, have the space efforts of the United States increased, decreased, or stayed about the same during the Johnson Administration?

271 APPROVE
472 DISAPPROVE
263 NO OPINION
351 FOR 32 AGAINST
62.3 DON'T KNOW

61 FOR
252 AGAINST
693 DON'T KNOW
181 AHEAD
642 BEHIND
183 NO OPINION

231 INCREASED
212 DECREASED
433 STAYED THE SAME
134 NO OPINION

## 

22. Some people say that since Hubert Humphrey was 24 AGREE Vice president with the Johnson Administration, 682 DISAGREE he should share the blame for any mistakes that were made. Do you agree or disagree?
83 NO OPINION
23. In politics as of today, do you consider yourself a Democrat, a Republican, an

351 DEMOCRAT
Irdopendent, or what?

26 ? REPUBLICAN
3 INDEPENDENT 4 5 UNDECIDED

131 REPUBLICAN
/1 2 DEMOCRAT
3 NETTER
25. What is your age, please?
26. Sex: 1 MAN
$121-25$ YEARS
2 WOMAN
2 26-29 YEARS
3 30-39 YEARS
$440-49$ YEARS
$550-59$ YEARS
6 60-64 YEARS
765 YEARS AND OVER

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Govispemone. 423
U.S.REL. +4

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mevor. Gpa -14
Thers. $\quad+18$
mu. Smeswril. +2
sownsforevos. -21
UnTube comace +3
Prosprrous. -5
5. Mul PowsR:
zwer.29. Dsire 18.
Altano 39, Bonvo 25
4. It sumad not Be vicil Rosp- $72 \%$ mess.
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